# Anglo-Chinese School (Innior)



# SEMESTRAL ASSESSMENT (2020)

PRIMARY 3

SCIENCE

**BOOKLET A** 

Tues	sday 3 November	2020	1 hr 45 min
Name	e: ( . ) Class	: 3.( )	
INST	RUCTIONS TO PUPILS		
1	Do not turn over the pages until you are told to	do so.	
2	Follow all instructions carefully		
3	There are 28 questions in this booklet.		
4	Answer ALL questions.		
5	Shade your answers in the Optical Answer Sh	eet (OAS) provided.	

This question paper consists of 19 printed pages (inclusive of cover page).

For each question from 1 to 28, four options are given. One of them is the correct answer. Make your choice (1, 2, 3 or 4). Shade your answer on the Optical Answer Sheet.

(56 marks)

1. The diagrams show how animal P hides in its shell when in danger.



Which characteristic of living things is animal P showing when it is in danger?

- (1) Living things can grow.
- (2) Living things can move.
- (3) Living things can reproduce.
- (4) Living things can respond to changes.
- 2. Study the following diagrams.





Toy bear

Which of the following shows the correct masses of the kitten and the toy bear over three months?

(1)

	Mass (g)		
Month	Kitten	Toy bear	
1	500	500	
2	500	500	
3	500	500	

(2)

	Mass (g)		
Month	Kitten	Toy bear	
1	500	500	
2	1000	510	
3	1500	530	

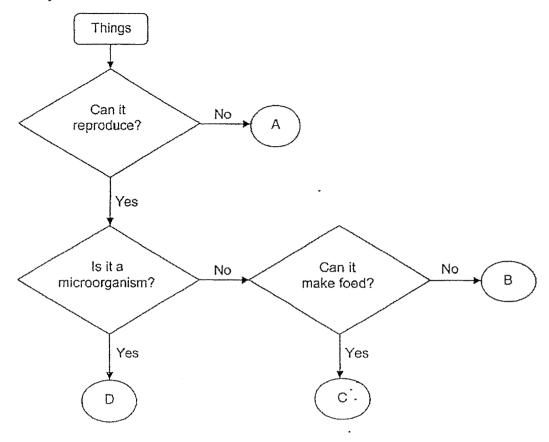
(3)

	Mass (g)		
Month	Kitten	Toy bear	
1	500	500	
2	1000	500	
3	1500	500	

(4)

, a distribution	Mass (g)		
Month	Kitten	Toy bear	
1	500	500	
2	500	. 510	
3	500	530	

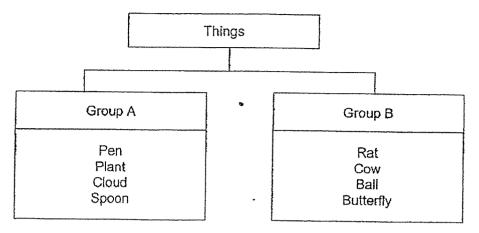
# 3. Study the flowchart.



Which letters, A, B, C and D, best represent a fern and bacteria?

	Fern	Bacteria
(1)	В	A
(2)	A	D
(3)	D	В
(4)	C	D

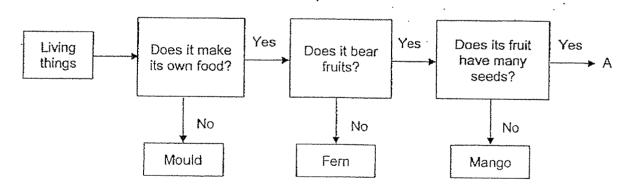
4. Study the classification chart.



Which things have been classified wrongly in Groups A and B?

	Group A	Group B
(1)	Cloud	Cow
(2)	Plant Ball	
(3)	Pen	Rat
(4)	Spoon	Butterfly

5. The flowchart describes a few characteristics of some living things.



Based on the flowchart, which one of the following best describes A?

- (1) It makes its own food but does not bear fruits.
- (2) It does not make its own food and does not bear fruits.
- (3) It makes its own food and bears fruits with many seeds.
- (4) It makes its own food but does not bear fruits with many seeds.

6. Tom wanted to find out if the amount of water given to plants affect their growth. He prepared three similar set-ups as the one shown.



What should be the changed variable for his experiment?

- (1) The type of plant
- (2) The amount of water
- (3) The number of leaves
- (4) The location of the experiment
- 7. Four children made the following statements.

Ali: Flowering plants reproduce by spores.

Bob: Non-flowering plants do not have seeds.

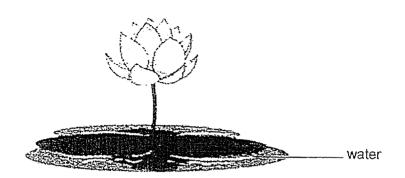
Carl: Roots of all plants can only be found underground.

Dan: All flowering plants produce flowers throughout the year.

Who made the correct statement?

- (1) Ali
- (2) Bob
- (3) Carl
- (4) Dan

# 8. The diagram shows a plant found in a pond.



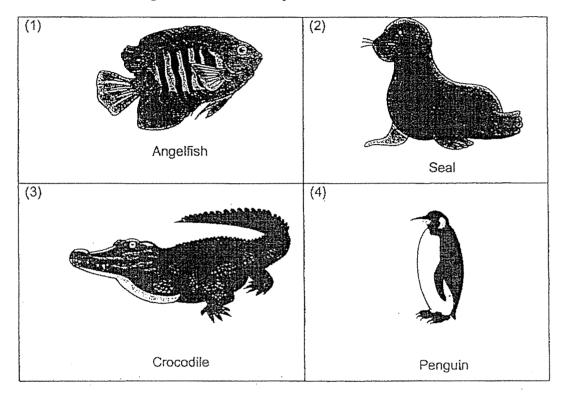
A tick ( $\checkmark$ ) in the box indicates that the plant has that characteristic. Which of the following best represents the plant?

	Grows in water	Has flowers	Can make its own food
(1)	<b>✓</b>	. 🗸	
(2)			· 🗸
(3)		✓	✓
(4)	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	4

#### 9. Read the riddle on animal Z.

I live in water. I breathe through my gills and I can swim with the help of my fins. I reproduce by laying eggs.

Which of the following animals is most likely to be animal Z?



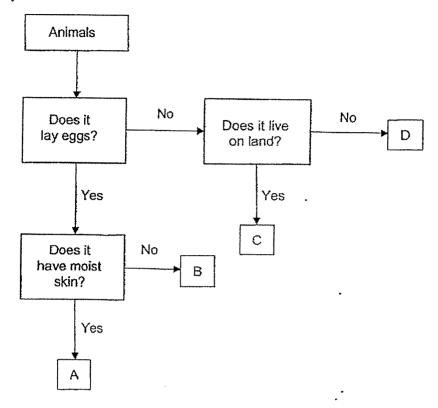
#### 10. Study the classification table.

P	Q
Clownfish	Mouse :
Frog	Lion
Butterfly	Goat

Which of the following is the correct headings for P and Q?

	Р	Q
(1)	Live in water	Live on land
(2)	Lay eggs	Give birth to young alive
(3)	Does not have legs	Have legs
(4)	Has an outer covering of scales	Has an outer covering of hair

#### 11. Study the flowchart.



Which animal group does animal A belong to?

- (1) Fish
- (2) Reptiles
- (3) Mammals
- (4) Amphibians
- 12. Four students made the following statements about the characteristics of animals.

April: Reptiles have dry skin.

Betty: All insects have wings.

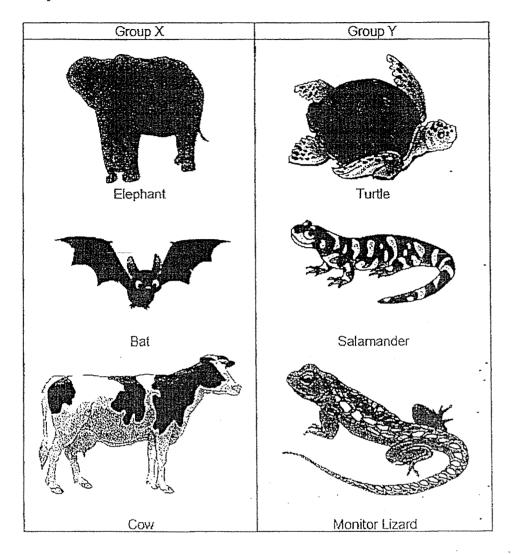
Carl: Amphibians only breathe through their lungs.

David: Mammals produce milk for their young to feed on.

Which of the following two students made a wrong statement?

- (1) April and Betty
- (2) April and David
- (3) Betty and Carl
- (4) Carl and David

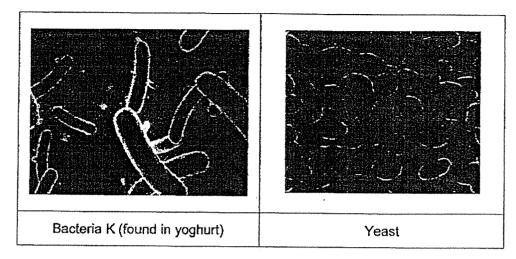
# 13. Study the classification table.



Which animal is classified wrongly?

- (1) Bat
- (2) Turtle
- (3) Elephant
- (4) Salamander

### 14. Mrs Heng studied the characteristics of bacteria K and yeast.



She made the following conclusions:

- A: Bacteria K reproduce by spores.
- B: Both bacteria K and yeast are useful.
- C: Yeast can be seen with the naked eye.
- D: Both bacteria K and yeast feed only on living things that are alive.

Which of the following conclusion(s) is/are correct?

- (1) Bonly
- (2) A and C only
- (3) A and D only
- (4) B, C and D only
- 15. Which of the following is a similarity between fungi and bacteria?
  - (1) They are all harmful.
  - (2) They need sunlight to grow.
  - (3) They only grow in dry places.
  - (4) They come in different shapes and sizes.

16. The table shows the different characteristics, X, Y and Z, of a mushroom, bacteria and a fern. A tick (✓) indicates that the living thing has the characteristic.

Characteristics	Mushroom	Bacteria	Fem
Х		and the same of th	<b>V</b>
Υ			7
Z		~	

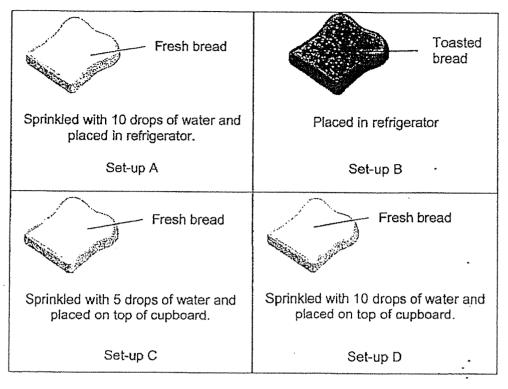
Which of the following characteristics can X, Y and Z be?

•	·			
	X	Υ	Z	
(1)	Can make its own food	Reproduce by spores	Can only be seen with a microscope	
(2)	Can only be seen with a microscope	Can make its own food	Reproduce by spores	
(3)	Reproduce by spores	Can only be seen with a microscope	Can make its own food	
(4)	Can make its own food	Can be seen with the naked eye	Reproduce by spores	

17.	Where	can	funai	arow?
11.	4411010	· ·	i ui i ui	CIOVV:

- A: A rotting log
- B: A dry glass container
- C: A fruit left on the kitchen table
- D: A damp leather bag made from animal skin in the cupboard
- (1) Bonly
- (2) A and D only
- (3) B and C only
- (4) A, C and D only

18. Hua Yi wanted to find out if bread mould needs warmth to grow. She prepared four set-ups as shown.



Which two set-ups should she use to test her aim?

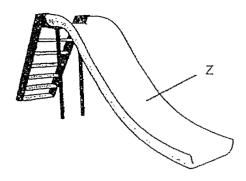
- (1) A and B
- (2) A and D
- (3) B and C
- (4) C and D
- 19. Study the classification table.

Materials						
Group P	Group P Group Q Group R Group S					
Worksheet	Sock	Nail	Brick			
Newspaper	Bedsheet	Staple	Floor tile			

Which of the following can be classified under Group Q?

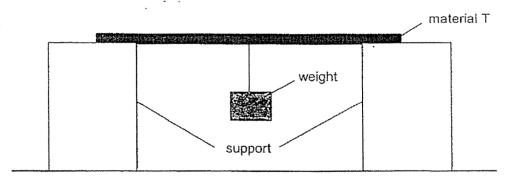
- (1) Pin .
- (2) Vase
- (3) Towel
- (4) Magazine

20. The diagram shows a slide at an outdoor playground.



Besides strength, which other important property must be considered when making part Z?

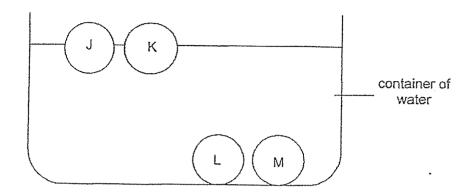
- (1) Flexibility
- (2) Waterproof
- (3) Transparency
- (4) Ability to float in water
- 21. Wan Yee conducted an experiment with material T as shown. She continued to hang more weights from material T until it broke.



What was the aim of Wan Yee's experiment?

- (1) To find out how heavy material T is.
- (2) To find out how strong material T is.
- (3) To find out how flexible material T is.
- (4) To find out how transparent material T is.

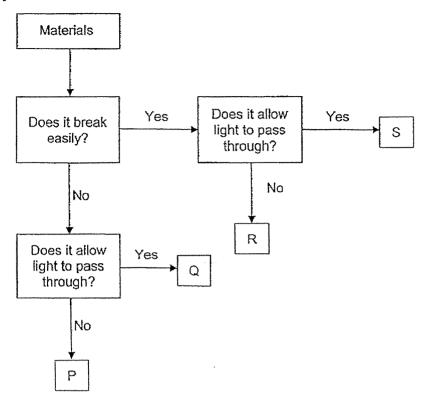
22. Mrs Tan dropped four similar balls, J, K, L and M, made of different materials into a container of water.



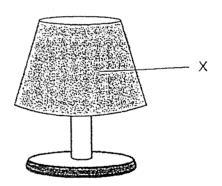
Based only on the diagram, which of the following conclusions can she make?

- A: Only balls L and M sink in water.
- B: Ball M will float after some time.
- C: Ball K must be made of polystyrene
- D: Balls J and K will sink when more water is added.
- (1) A only
- (2) A and C only
- (3) B and D only
- (4) B, C and D only

#### 23. Study the flowchart.



Which material would be most suitable to make part X of a table lamp?



- (1) P
- (2) Q
- (3) R
- (4) S

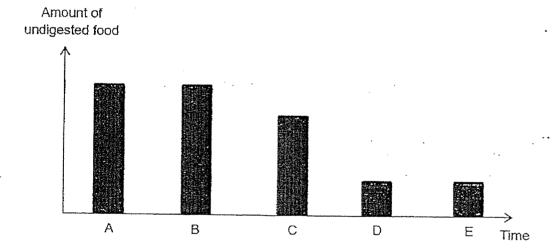
24. The table shows the functions of a few human organ systems.

А	Gives the body its shape
В	Helps different parts of the body to move
С	Carries waste materials away from different parts of the body
D	Carries digested food, water and oxygen in the blood to all parts of the body

Which one of the following is/are the function(s) of the human circulatory system?

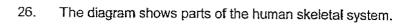
- (1) D only
- (2) A and B only
- (3) C and D only
- (4) A, B, C and D

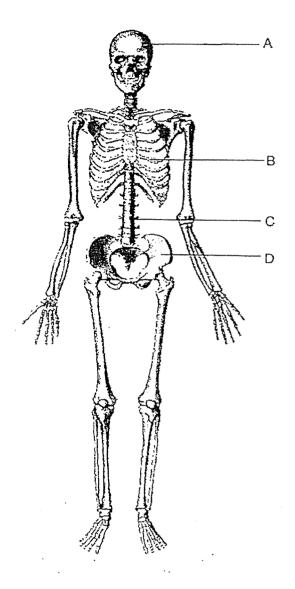
25. The bar graph shows the amount of undigested food leaving the various organs, A, B, C, D and E, as it travels through the digestive system.



Which of the following represents the stomach and the small intestine?

	Stomach	Small intestine
(1)	Α	В
(2)	В	С
(3)	, C	D
(4)	D	E .

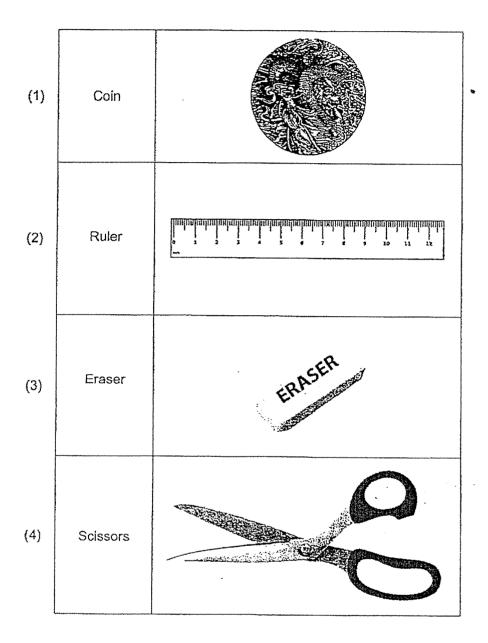




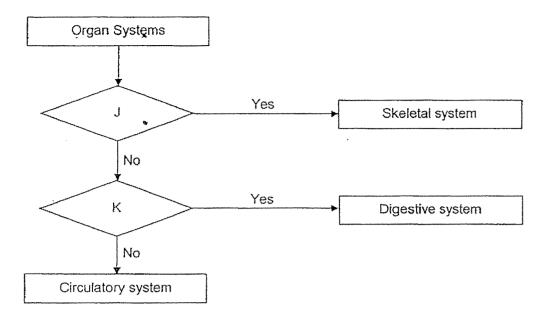
Which part protects our heart?

- (1) A
- (2) B
- (3) C
- (4) D

# 27. Which of the following is a system?



## 28. Study the flowchart.



Which of the following represents J and K?

	J	К
(1)	Does it support the body?	Does it protect important organs in the body?
(2)	Does it give the body shape?	Does it break down food into simple substances?
(3)	Does it support the body?	Does it transport blood to all parts of the body?
(4)	Does it protect important organs in the body?	Does it help the body to move?

End of Booklet A

# Anglo-Chinese School (Junior)



# SEMESTRAL ASSESSMENT (2020) PRIMARY 3 SCIENCE

**BOOKLET B** 

Tuesday		

#### 3 November 2020

1 hr 45 min

Name:	(	)	Class: 3.(	)	Parent's Signature:
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#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO PUPILS**

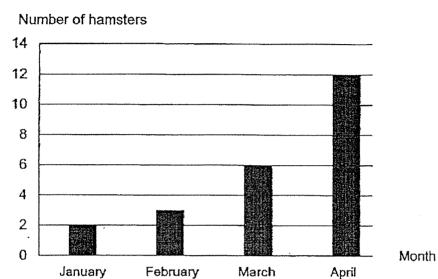
- 1 Do not turn over the pages until you are told to do so.
- 2 Follow all instructions carefully.
- 3 There are 13 questions in this booklet.
- 4 Answer ALL questions.
- The marks are given in the brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

Booklet	Possible Marks	Marks Obtained
Α	56	
В	44	
Total	100	

For questions 29 to 41, write your answers in this booklet.

The number of marks available is shown in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question. (44 marks)

29. Peter kept some hamsters in a cage for some time. He fed them with the same amount of food and water every day. The bar graph shows the number of hamsters in the cage over four months.



Based on the graph, what happened to the number of hamsters from January o April?
Based on the graph, which characteristic of living things is observed from anuary to April?
State another characteristic of living things.

(Go on to the next page)
SCORE
3

30. The table shows the characteristics of four living things, A, B, C and D. A tick (✓) shows that the living thing has that characteristic.

		Living	Things	
Characteristic	Α	В	С	D
Does it make food?	1	<b>√</b>		
Does it have flowers?	✓			
Does it have hair?			<b>√</b>	

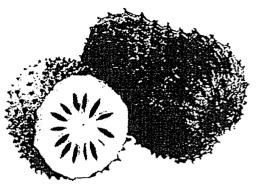
(a)	Based on the table, what is the difference between A and B?	[1]

(b) Using the information in the table above, classify living things A, B, C and D, in the boxes below.

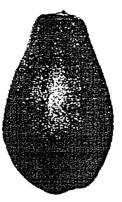
[2]

fem	toadstool	rose plant	bat
	(000)		
***************************************			

31. Study the pictures of the fruits.







soursop

рарауа

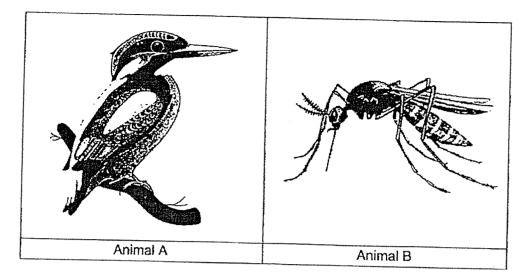
(a)	between the soursop and papaya. [Do not compare shape, size or colour.]	[2]
	Similarity:	
	Difference:	

(b) Read the following statements. Write 'T' for each statement that is true and 'F' for each statement that is false. [2]

	Statement	True 'T' or False 'F'
(i)	Plants can only be found on land.	
(ii)	Most non-flowering plants reproduce by seeds.	
(iii)	Leaves of different plants can have different colours.	
(iv)	Plants need air, food and water to survive.	

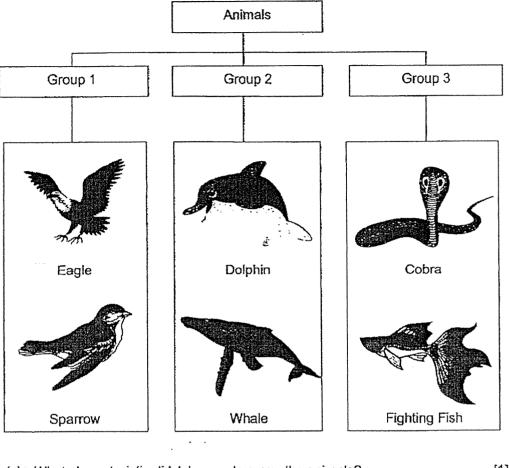
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SCORE	4

32. Study the pictures of animals.



(α)	difference between the physical characteristics of animal A and B. [Do not compare shape, size or colour.]	[2]
	Similarity:	
	Difference:	
(b)	State the function of animal A's outer covering.	[1]

33. John grouped some animals into a classification chart.

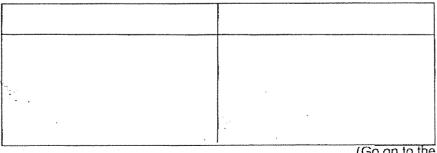


(a) What characteristic did John use to group the animals? [1]

(b) Name another animal that can be placed in Group 2. [1]

(c) John decided to regroup the animals such that there are three animals in each group. Group the animals in the table provided and state their headings clearly.

[2]



(Go on to the next page)

SCORE 4

34. Bala wanted to find out which type of hand sanitizer, X, Y or Z, is the most effective in killing bacteria.

(a) Tick (✓) the variable(s) which should be kept the same for Bala to carry out a fair test.

Variables	Tick (✓)
Type of sanitizer	
Amount of sanitizer	
Location of the experiment	
Amount of bacteria at the start of the experiment	

(b) Bala was given some steps to conduct his experiment. However, the steps were not arranged in the correct order.

Arrange the steps in the correct order by writing 1, 2 and 3 in the boxes. Step 4 has already been done for you.

[1]

[1].

Steps	Order
Put some bacteria on a plate.	
Record the amount of bacteria left on the plate after 10 minutes.	
Repeat steps 1 to 3 for sanitizers Y and Z.	4
Add a few drops of sanitizer X onto the plate of bacteria.	

(c) He recorded the results of his experiment in a table as shown.

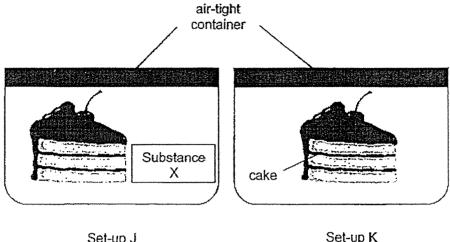
Plate with hand sanitizer	Amount of bacteria left (unit)
X	45
Υ	32
Z	8

Which sanitizer, X, Y or Z, is the most effective in killing bacteria?

[1]

	1 - 3 - 7
SCORE	
	3

Daniel prepared two set-ups J and K as shown. He placed a slice of cake each in two similar air-tight containers. He then placed a packet of substance X, which 35. removes moisture, in set-up J.



Set-up K Set-up J

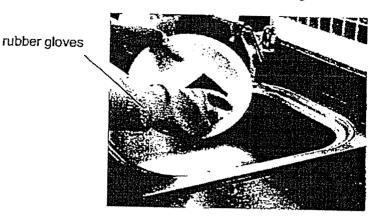
After two weeks, he noticed black spots on only one of the cakes.

What were the black spots?
Which set-up, J or K, contained the cake that had black spots? Explain your answer.
Daniel wants to find out if the black spots need sunlight to grow. What change(s) should he make to set-ups J and K to achieve this new aim?

(Go on to the next page)

SCORE

36. Mrs Lim wears a pair of rubber gloves when washing dishes to keep her hands dry.



(a)	Give a reason why rubber is a suitable material to make the gloves for
	washing dishes.

[1]

(b) Name another material that can be used to make the gloves.

[1]

Mrs Lim wanted to find out if materials, A, B, C and D, absorb different amounts of water. She recorded the mass of each material before and after placing them in four identical containers with the same amount of water as shown in the table.

Materials	Mass of material before placing in container (g)	Mass of material after placing it in the container(g)
Α	100	250
В	100	375
С	100	180
D	100	100

(c)	Based on the results, which material, A, B, C or D, is most suitable to make a towel to dry the dishes? Explain your answer.	r.
	y a substitution your answer.	l

[1]

SCORE	
	3

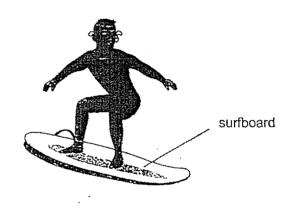
37. The table shows the different properties of materials S, T and U. A tick (<) indicates that the material has the property.

		Material	
Property	S	Τ	U
Strength	✓	<b>√</b>	
Flexibility			✓
Waterproof		<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>

(a)	State all the properties of material U.	[1]	

(b)	Which material, S, T or U, is most suitable to make a surfboard used for water	
	sports as shown in the diagram below?	[1]

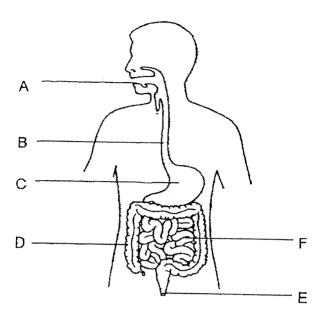
Material \_\_\_\_\_



(c)	Besides the properties mentioned in the table, state another property that a	
• •	surfboard should have.	[1]

	, , ,
SCORE	
	3

38. The diagram shows the human digestive system.



(a) State the part(s), A, B, C, D, E or F, that match(es) the following functions. You may use the letters more than once. Not every letter needs to be used.

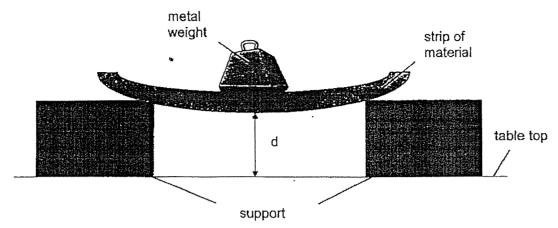
[2]

	Function	Part
(i)	Chews food into smaller pieces	
(ii)	Allows food to pass from the mouth to the stomach	
(iii)	Produces digestive juices to break down food into simple substances	
(iv)	Absorbs water from undigested food	

(b)	At which part, A, B, C, D, E or F does digestion start and end?	[1]
	Start:	
	End:	

SCORE	
	3

39(a) Miss Koh set up an experiment to compare similar strips made of different materials, W, X, Y and Z. She placed a metal weight of 100g in the middle of the strip held by supports and recorded the distance, d, between the table top and the lowest point of the strip.

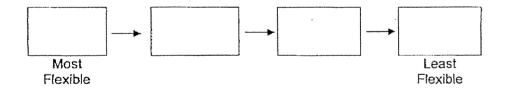


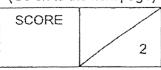
- State the property of materials that was tested in the above experiment. [1] (i)
- Miss Koh recorded her results for the different materials in the table. (ii)

Materials	Distance, d (cm)
W	20
X	5
Y	25
Z	15

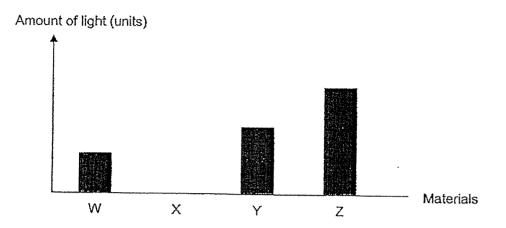
[1]

Arrange materials W, X, Y and Z starting from the most flexible material.



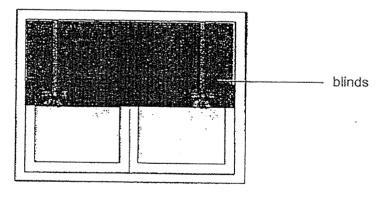


39(b) Miss Koh then did another experiment to find out if materials, W, X, Y and Z, allowed different amounts of light to pass through. After conducting her experiment, she recorded her results in the bar graph as shown.



(i) Based on the experiment, what can she conclude about material Z? [1]

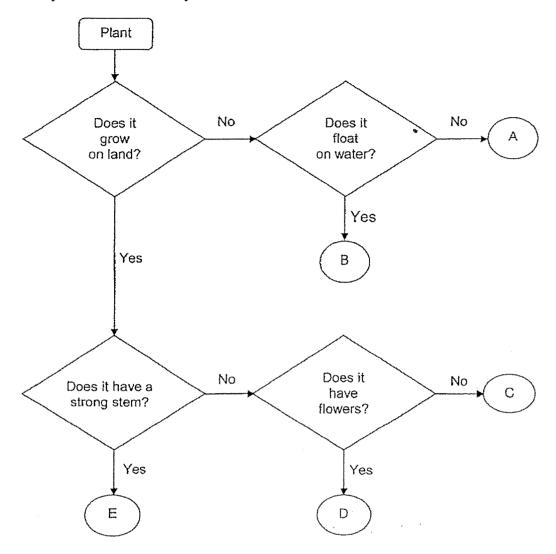
Miss Koh wanted to buy blinds to completely block sunlight from entering her bedroom.



(ii) Which material, W, X, Y and Z, should she buy for her blinds? Explain your answer. [1]

(Go on to the next page)
SCORE

40. Study the flowchart carefully.



(a)	Based on the flowchart, state a difference between plants B and E.	. [1]
		-

(D)	State a similarity between plants C and D.

(Go on to the next page)

SCORE

2

[1]

		15	
(c)	Plant X grows under	water as shown	•
			plant >
	Based on the flowcha	art, which plant,	A, B, C, D or E, best represents plant X?
	Martin and American a street of the street o		
The	human-body consists	of a number of	organ systems
(a)	Match the organ system		
	Organ System		Constinu
	Muscular system	<b>.</b>	Function Gives the body shape
	, and a second of the second		Civod the body strape
	Respiratory system	•	Helps different parts of the body to move
	Skeletal system		Takes air into the body, and removes air from the body
(b)	What is the function of	of the digestive :	system?
	WHITE A STATE OF THE STATE OF T		
		nkatokowa na manana n	
(c)	What happens to the	digested food	in the small intestine?
. • ,	The state of the s	o.goolaa lood	ar are difficultive;
		- Andrews	

End of Paper

SCORE

# **ANSWER KEY**

**YEAR: 2020** 

**LEVEL: PRIMARY 3** 

**SCHOOL: ANGLO-CHINESE SCHOOL** 

**SUBJECT: SCIENCE** 

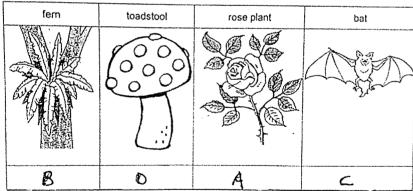
TERM: SA2

### **BOOKLET A**

		<u></u>							
Q1	4	Q2	3	Q3	4	Q4	2	Q5	3
Q6	2	Q7	2	Q8	4	Q9	1	Q10	2
Q11	4	Q12	3	Q13	4	Q14	1	Q15	4
Q16	1	Q17	4	Q18	2	Q19	3	Q20	2
Q21	2	Q22	1	Q23	2	Q24	3	Q25	3
Q26	2	027	4	Q28	2				

# **BOOKLET B**

- Q29 a) The number of hamsters increased from January to April.
  - b) Reproduce
  - c) Living things can grow
- Q30 a) A has more flowers while B does not have flowers.



Q31 a) Similarity: Both the soursop and papaya have many

Differences: Soursop have a rough skin while papaya has a smooth skin.

bi) False

b)

- bii) False
- biii) True
- biv) True
- Q32 a) Similarity: Both have eyes

Differences: Animal B has six legs while animal a has

	two legs.							
	b) Animal A outer covering's is to give the animal warmth							
Q33	a) John group the animals by using characteristics.							
	b) seal							
	(c)							
	Live on land	live in water						
	Eagle	Dolphin						
	Sparrow	Fighting fish						
	Cobra	whale						
Q34	a) Amount of sanitizer, Location of experiment and							
	Amount of bacteria at the start of the experiment.							
	b) 1, 3, 4, 2							
	c) Z							
Q35	a) mould							
	b) There is no moisture in the container helping the							
	mould to grow.							
	c) He must take away substance X and place one of the set-							
~~~	up in the presence of sunlight to achieve his new aim.							
Q36	a) It is waterproof.							
	b) Plastic							
	c) B. As the table above shows that before placing in the							
	container and after placing I the container has changed a lot, therefore material B can absorb the most water.							
Q37	2) The properties of such	absorb the most water.						
Q37	<ul><li>a) The properties of material U is flexible and waterproof.</li><li>b) Material T</li></ul>							
	c) Able to float on water.							
Q38	ai) A							
QUU	aii) B							
	aii) F							
	aiv) C							
	b) Start: A							
	End: F							
Q39	ai) Flexibility							
	aii) X, Z, W, Y							
	bi) Material Z allow most light to pass through.							
	bii) X. As material X did not allow any light to pass							
	through.							
Q40	a) Plant B grow in water while Plant E grow on land.							
	b) Both of them grow on land.							
	c) A							

Organ System

Muscular system

Respiratory system

Skeletal system

Takes air into the body, and removes air from the body

a)

b) Digest break down food into simpler substances.
c) Digested food will pass through the walls of the small intestine and into the bloodstream.